

Vizhinjam International Seaport

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Vizhinjam International Seaport: India's Maritime Gateway

Why in News?

- Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated the ₹8,867 crore Vizhinjam International Deepwater Multipurpose Seaport in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala.
- It marks **India's first deep-water, semi-automated container transshipment port**, operational under Phase 1.
- The port aims to reduce India's dependence on foreign transshipment hubs and position India as a key player in global maritime trade.

Context

- Currently, ~75% of India's transshipped cargo is handled by foreign ports like Colombo, Singapore, Klang.
- India seeks to establish a **domestic transshipment hub** to capture this trade and reduce costs.
- Vizhinjam's commissioning aligns with India's Sagarmala Programme to promote port-led economic growth and regional development.

Introduction

- Vizhinjam is located in **Thiruvananthapuram district**, **Kerala**.
- Positioned just 10 nautical miles from key international shipping lanes.

- Offers a natural draft of 20 metres, enabling docking of Ultra Large Container Vessels (ULCVs).
- Designed as a **hub port for transshipment, logistics, and maritime trade** in South Asia.

Historical and Strategic Significance

- Historically known as **Rajendra Chola Pattinam** during the Chola dynasty.
- Lost prominence under colonial shift to Madras and Cochin ports.
- First study commissioned by **Travancore State in 1940s**; project realized after **80 years**.
- Geographically **closest Indian port to international shipping lanes**, enabling competition with Colombo and Singapore.

Phase 1 Development and Key Features

- Built under **Public-Private Partnership (PPP)** at ₹8,867 crore:
 - ₹5,595 crore Kerala Government
 - ₹2,454 crore Adani Ports (concessionaire)
- Highlights:
 - 20m natural depth
 - Semi-automated operations with women crane operators trained at community skill park
 - Operational from July 2024; commercial operations began December 2024

- Achievements:
 - o Target: 1 lakh TEUs/year → Actual: 6 lakh TEUs handled in initial months
 - 280 vessels docked; 1.08 lakh TEUs handled in March 2025

Global Engagement and Milestones

- Integrated into MSC's Jade and Dragon shipping services.
- Key milestones:
 - Docked MSC Claude Girardet (24,116 TEUs) South Asia's largest container ship
 - Handled **10,330 containers** from **MSC Anna** in a single visit (Indian port record)
 - MSC Irina, world's largest container ship, expected in May 2025

Future Expansion Plans (Phases 2 & 3)

- Completion target advanced to **2028** (originally 2045).
- Planned upgrades:
 - Capacity increase: 1 million → 4.87 million TEUs
 - Berth length: $1,200m \rightarrow 2,000m$
 - Additional investment: ₹20,000 crore
- Environmental clearance granted March 2025
- Featured at World Economic Forum 2025, Invest Kerala Global Summit

Operational Challenges

- Pending approval for **Integrated Check Post (ICP)** from **Union Home Ministry**.
- Delays in ship handling due to lack of adequate support systems (e.g., 40 ships awaiting in Feb 2025).
- Customs office opened recently; Port Health Office still awaited.
- Last-mile connectivity and allied infrastructure require strengthening.

Associated Economic and Industrial Initiatives

- Kerala Government initiatives:
 - Vizhinjam Development Zone and industrial corridor
 - o Business centers near the port
 - Appointing a **dedicated IAS officer** for Vizhinjam Economic Growth Corridor
 - Promotion of shipbuilding, logistics, warehousing, clean bunkering (hydrogen, ammonia)
- ANERT exploring green hydrogen and wave energy initiatives

Vision for Port-Led Growth

- Proposal to declare Vizhinjam as a **Special Investment Region (SIR)**.
- Draft SIR Bill focuses on:
 - Creating a **Special Economic Zone (SEZ)**

- Ensuring **compensation and rehabilitation** for landowners
- Adopting global best practices (e.g., Shenzhen SEZ model)
- Concerns:
 - Viability Gap Funding repayment may increase from ₹817.8 crore → ₹10,000 crore
 - Proposed Colachel port may affect Vizhinjam's viability

Conclusion

Vizhinjam International Seaport represents a **strategic step toward self-reliance in maritime trade**, reducing dependency on foreign ports. Its success depends on **effective state-centre coordination**, **addressing operational bottlenecks**, **and leveraging global shipping partnerships** to establish India as a **regional maritime leader**.

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